JEAN MURRELL ADAMS, Bar No. CA 138458 LAURETTE M. GARCIA, Bar No. CA 242107 ADAMS ESQ, a Professional Corp. 449 Fifteenth Street, Suite 101 Oakland, California 94612 3 Telephone: (510) 832-6000 Facsimile: (510) 832-3099 4 5 Attorneys for Plaintiff, KEISHA HAWKINS 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 Case No.: C07-CV-04206-EMC KEISHA HAWKINS. 12 Plaintiff. 13 JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT 14 BERKELEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT. and DOES 1-20 15 Defendants. 16 17 18 TO THE HONORABLE EDWARD M. CHEN, UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE COURT 19 20 JUDGE: Pursuant to Rule 26(f) and Local Rule 16-9, counsel for the Plaintiff and Defendant met by 21 telephone on October 31, 2007 and November 1, 2007. Counsel have had no further meetings 22 since that date. Plaintiff, Keisha Hawkins ("Plaintiff" or "Hawkins") and Counter-Defendants 23 Adams Esq. and Jean Murrell Adams were represented at the meeting by Jean Murrell Adams and 24 Laurette M. Garcia; Defendant and Counter-Claimant Berkeley Unified School District was 25 represented at the meeting by Peter Sturges. 26 Jurisdiction: Plaintiff and Defendant agree that jurisdiction for the initial Complaint (A) 27 in this matter lies under 20 U.S.C. §1400 et seq., more commonly known as the Reauthorized

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TOG SAS TOG SAN TOG "Individuals With Disabilities Education Act" ("IDEA"). This Court has original jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1331 in that it arises under the IDEA. Moreover, Section 1415(i)(2) of Title 20 of the United States Code expressly vests this Court with jurisdiction over this appeal.

## (B) Facts:

STATEMENT OF FACTS - PLAINTIFF. The following is Plaintiff's brief statement of the facts and a statement of the principal factual issues in dispute:

- 1. Plaintiff Keisha Hawkins is the mother of a minor child ("D.S." or "Student"), a Student eligible for special education due to a Speech and Language Impairment ("SLI"). D.S. has also been diagnosed with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder ("ADHD") and continues to have difficulty remaining focused and on-task.
- 2. An IEP meeting was conducted at Craigmont Elementary School on 9/29/05 during Student's fifth grade year. The IEP team placed D.S. in the SDC/Learning Center for at least 45-90 minutes or 39% and in general education at most 70%. The 9/29/05 IEP did not provide for RSP services and nowhere does that placement appear in that IEP. It is undisputed that the SDC/Learning Center was language based and included daily speech and language services and most of Student's goals focused on language processing.
- 3. Plaintiff contends that she received a notice prior to the beginning of the 2006/2007 school year, indicating that D.S. would be placed in Ms. Wihr's class for sixth grade. She enrolled Student at King on or about August 29, 2006, and at that time, he was placed in Ms. Wihr's special day class ("SDC").
- 4. Between August 29 and August 31, 2006, certain District personnel began to believe that Student's SDC placement was improper. District personnel moved Student into a regular education classroom (allegedly with limited RSP "push-in" support) without Hawkins' prior knowledge or consent.
- 5. Hawkins first became aware of the unilateral change of placement several weeks later on 9/13/06 when she went to the school for a separate incident. At that time, Vice Principal Sing gave Hawkins Student's new class schedule, which contained only regular education

classes and the handwritten statement, "Moved from SDC to Reg Ed."

- 6. On October 5, 2006, Hawkins requested all of Student's records from the District. Rather than produce all records as Hawkins had requested, the District queried Hawkins as to the purpose of her request and then provided limited documents that the District believed Hawkins needed.
- 7. On October 20, 2006, Plaintiff's legal counsel requested records from the District. Again, the District failed to produce all of Student's records.
- 8. In a November 2006 internal email to her superior Don Klose, school psychologist Amy Rosenbaum inquired as to the whereabouts of Student's "change in placement IEP." In fact, the District had failed to convene such an IEP and failed to allow Parent, Student's SDC teacher, any general education teacher, a speech pathologist or the school psychologist to participate in the decision to change his placement.
- 9. Plaintiff contends that between the beginning of the 2006/2007 school year and February 2007, Student lost educational benefits as evidenced by his disciplinary problems and his barely passing grades. His grades immediately improved in February 2007 upon being placed back in Ms. Wihr's SDC class and receiving speech and language interventions.
- Do not about November 1, 2006, Plaintiff requested a due process hearing before the Office of Administrative Hearings alleging that the Defendant denied the minor D.S. a FAPE as required by federal and state law. Hearings were held on April 2-5 & 10, 2007. On May 18, 2007, the Office of Adiministrative Hearings issued a decision. The hearing officer concluded that Student prevailed with respect to the following issues: (i) The District violated Student's right to a FAPE by failing to conduct Student's annual IEP by September 29, 2006, and for the six week delay until the District initially scheduled the Student's IEP teem meeting on November 13, 2006; (ii) The District violated Student's right to a FAPE by failing to provide speech and language therapy for a period of approximately 11 weeks.

## STATEMENT OF FACTS - DEFENDANT

The following is Defendant's brief statement of the facts derived from the administrative hearing record and decision in the underlying administrative proceeding.

- 2. Student has unique needs in the areas of reading comprehension and math problem solving due to a significant language impairment or auditory processing disorder, as well as attention issues (lack of focus, disorganization and distractibility).
- 3. An Individualized Education Plan ("IEP") meeting was conducted at District's Craigmont Elementary School on September 29, 2005 during Student's fifth grade year. The IEP called for Student to be educated in a general education ("GE") classroom for up to 70% of his school day, and to receive special day class ("SDC") support, in the Learning Center Support Model, for at least 45 minutes per day, and up to 90 minutes per school day. The IEP indicated that 39% of Student's school day would be spent in special education, and the remainder would be spent in general education. Student received both resource specialist support and speech and language therapy in the Learning Center while at Craigmont.
- 4. In the fall of 2006, Student began attending KMS as a 6<sup>th</sup> grader. Student's IEP of September 29, 2005, was still in effect on his first day at KMS. Due to a computer error, Student was placed in a SDC classroom at KMS. This was not consistent with Student's September 26, 2005 IEP, which reflected that Student's placement was to be in a GE classroom, not a SDC classroom.
- 5. Dr. Don Klose, District school psychologist and administrator, discovered this error during the first two weeks of the 2006-2007 school year. Dr. Klose determined it would constitute a change of placement if Student was allowed to stay in the SDC classroom. As a result, Dr. Klose directed school staff to move Student into a GE classroom where he was provided with resource specialist support by Susan Ryan ("Ryan").
  - 6. Student's IEP of September 25, 2005 did not specify speech and language therapy

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as a "designated instructional service" or "DIS" because Student received these services in the Learning Center. When KMS, school staff reviewed Student's IEP, because it did not show speech and language therapy as a DIS, they did not realize Student was supposed to receive speech and language therapy as well as resource specialist support services. Student, therefore, did not receive speech and language therapy from District during the fall of 2006.

- Because the movement of Student to a GE classroom was not a change of 7. placement, District was not required to hold an IEP meeting and/or obtain parental consent before correcting the initial, erroneous SDC placement.
- On October 5, 2006, Hawkins brought a written request for Student's records to the 8. KMS main office, which was promptly brought to the attention of Ryan. Hawkins told the KMS secretary she was requesting records to provide to Student's tutor, which the secretary in turn noted to Ryan. In response, Ryan provided Hawkins with Student's September 29, 2005 IEP and Student's test scores, which is what Ryan thought would be most helpful to the tutor.
- On October 20, 2006, Adams Esq. also submitted a written request to District 9. requesting Student's complete educational records. In response, District provided a copy of Student's educational records to legal counsel. District supplemented its production of Student's educational records at a mediation held on February 1, 2007.
- Dr. Amy Rosenbaum, District school psychologist, conducted a triennial psycho-10. educational assessment of Student in or about late October or early November 2006. Rosenbaum called Hawkins to interview her as part of the assessment process, but Hawkins refused to speak with her and directed Dr. Rosenbaum to call Hawkins' legal counsel. Hawkins did not provide Dr. Rosenbaum with the name or telephone number of her legal counsel, however. Dr. Rosenbaum conferred with Dr. Klose regarding the situation, and he informed Dr. Rosenbaum that the IEP was "on hold."
- On November 1, 2006, Hawkins requested a due process hearing on Student's 11. behalf before the Office of Administrative Hearings ("OAH") alleging that District denied Student a free and appropriate education ("FAPE") as required by federal and state law. The Due Process Complaint ("Complaint") alleged District denied Student a FAPE by failing to conduct an annual

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and triennial IEP meeting; failing to provide a program designed to meet Student's unique needs and provide him with educational benefit; failing to permit Parent to inspect and review all of Student's records; and violated Parent's procedural rights by failing to provide Parent with prior written notices. The Complaint requested extensive relief, including multiple independent assessments and three hundred (300) hours of compensatory education in all areas of purported need, including speech and language therapy.

- 12. On November 2, 2006, just one day after Adams Esq. filed the Complaint, Ryan telephoned Hawkins to schedule Student's annual IEP meeting for November 13, 2007. Hawkins told Ryan she could not attend the IEP meeting on November 13 because of a conflict with her daughter's IEP meeting. Hawkins said she would call Ryan back to reschedule, but she did not. When Ryan called Hawkins again a few days later to schedule the IEP meeting, Hawkins referred Ryan to Adams Esq. Ryan then telephoned Adams Esq., who informed Ryan that neither Hawkins nor counsel would attend an IEP meeting until after mediation occurred on the Complaint.
- November 13, 2006, which was about six (6) weeks after the IEP team meeting was due. The District was unable to conduct the IEP team meeting for two reasons. First, Hawkins refused to attend the IEP meeting on the advice of her legal counsel, Adams Esq. Second, Adams Esq. unreasonably insisted that any IEP team meeting must be held after mediation of the Complaint filed on November 1, 2006.
- John Thawley ("the ALP") issued his written decision in which he concluded that District prevailed on Claims 2, 4 and 5, and partially prevailed on Claims 1 and 3. He further found that Student partially prevailed on Claims 1 and 3, but that District conceded at the hearing the basis of the two partial claims on which Student prevailed. The ALI found that District was correct in moving Student from the erroneous KMS SDC placement to a KMS GE classroom. The ALI also found that but for a failure to provide speech and language therapy between August 31, 2006 and November 13, 2006, District provided appropriate special education and related services to Student.

- 15. Regarding placement, the ALJ concluded that Student's placement in the GE KMS classroom with resource specialist support "was designed to meet Student's unique needs and was reasonably calculated to provide some educational benefit." He noted that Student received as much resource specialist support in the fall of 2006 as he had received the previous year in the Learning Center. The ALJ concluded that, but for the lack of speech and language therapy during his first six weeks at KMS, Student's KMS placement was appropriate. (Id).
- The ALJ also found that there were four demonstrably false claims in the Complaint. These were: (1) Student was not recommended for extended school year ("ESY") after the 2005-2006 school year; (2) Student was exited from special education; (3) District failed to present [Hawkins] with an assessment plan; and (4) [Hawkins] did not consent to the recent testing. The ALJ noted that in her testimony Hawkins conceded: (1) each of Student's three IEPs indicated that ESY was recommended; (2) Student was never exited from special education; (3) District gave her an assessment plan, which she signed. The ALJ found that "[Hawkins] unreasonably refused to attend an IEP team meeting, and [Hawkin's] attorney unreasonably insisted that any IEP team meeting must be held after mediation." As a result, the ALJ excused District for not holding an IEP team meeting after November 13, 2006.
- 17. District was required to defend against patently false claims brought against it by Hawkins and Adams Esq. The false claims were alleged as part of Claim 3 on which District prevailed, as well as part of Claim 2 and Claim 5 on which District prevailed.
- 18. The ALI awarded Student only twenty-two (22) hours of compensatory speech and language services; no other relief was granted. The amount of relief obtained by Student was only a miniscule portion of the three hundred (300) hours of compensatory education which Student requested in his Complaint.

## (C) Legal Issues:

- Whether District denied Student a FAPE by moving him from a special day class to a general education classroom without parental knowledge or consent.
- 2. Whether District failed to provide Student with a program and services adequate to meet his unique needs when it failed to provide a program that conformed to the 9/29/05 IEP.

Edward M. Chen. 1 Narrowing of Issues: The Parties have not agreed to a narrowing of issues. (L) 2 Expedited Schedule: The Parties agree that this case may be handled on an (M)3 expedited basis with a streamlined process. 4 Scheduling: In the event that the settlement conference is unsuccessful, Plaintiff (N) 5 requests a briefing schedule on the cross motions for summary judgment to commence in the third 6 quarter of 2008. 7 Trial: The Parties agree that this case will be tried by the court. (0)8 Pursuant to Civil Local rule 3-16, the Parties have each filed the "Certification of (P) 9 Interested Entities or Persons." 10 Respectfully submitted, 11 ADAMS ESQ 12 Dated: March 18, 2008 13 JEKN MURRELL ADAMS 14 Attorneys for Plaintiff, Kelsha Hawkins 15 16 ATKINSON, ANDELSON, LOYA, RUDD & 17 **ROMO** 18 19 PETER STURGES Attorney for Berkeley Unified School District 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27